

## Office of the Attorney General State of Texas

DAN MORALES
ATTORNEY GENERAL

July 27, 1998

Ms. E. Cary Grace Assistant City Attorney City of Houston Legal Department P.O. Box 1562 Houston, Texas 77251-1562

OR98-1766

Dear Ms. Grace:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Texas Open Records Act, chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 117200.

The City of Houston (the "city") received an open records request for all records pertaining to an automobile accident between a city police officer and a citizen. You contend that the requested information is excepted from required public disclosure pursuant to sections 552.101, 552.103, 552.117, and 552.130 of the Government Code.

We note at the outset that among the records you submitted to this office as responsive to the request is an accident report form that appears to have been completed pursuant to chapter 550 of the Transportation Code. See Transp. Code § 550.064 (officer's accident report). The Seventy-fifth Legislature, repealed V.T.C.S. article 6701d, and amended section 550.065 of the Transportation Code concerning the disclosure of accident report information. Act of May 29, 1997, 75th Leg., R.S. ch. 1187, 1997 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 4575 (Vernon), (to be codified at Transp. Code § 550.065). However, a Travis County district court has issued a temporary injunction enjoining the enforcement of the amendment to section 550.065 of the Transportation Code. Texas Daily Newspaper Ass'n, v. Morales, No. 97-08930 (345th Dist. Ct., Travis County, Tex., Oct. 24, 1997) (second amended agreed temporary injunction). A temporary injunction preserves the status quo until the final hearing of a case on its merits. Janus Films, Inc. v. City of Fort Worth, 358 S.W.2d 589 (1962). The supreme court has defined the status quo as "the last, actual peaceable, noncontested status that preceded the pending controversy." Texas v. Southwestern Bell Tel. Co.

526 S.W.2d 526, 528 (Tex. 1975). The status quo of accident report information prior to the enactment of S.B. 1069 is governed by section 47 of V.T.C.S. article 6701d.<sup>1</sup>

Section 47(b)(1) provides that:

The Department or a law enforcement agency employing a peace officer who made an accident report is required to release a copy of the report on request to:

. . . .

- (D) a person who provides the Department or the law enforcement agency with two or more of the following:
  - (i) the date of the accident;
  - (ii) the name of any person involved in the accident; or
  - (iii) the specific location of the accident.

V.T.C.S. art. 6701d, § 47(b)(1) (emphasis added). Under this provision, a law enforcement agency "is required to release" a copy of an accident report to a person who provides the law enforcement agency with two or more pieces of information specified by the statute. *Id.* In the situation at hand, the requestor has provided the city with the date of the accident, the names of persons involved in the accident, as well as the location of the accident. Thus, you are required to release this information under section 47(b)(1)(D) of V.T.C.S. article 6701d.

We now address your arguments for withholding the remaining information. Section 552.101 of the Government Code protects "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." The Texas Medical Practice Act, V.T.C.S. article 4495b provides:

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Although the Seventy-fourth Legislature repealed and codified article 6701d as part of the Transportation Code, the legislature did not intend a substantive change of the law but merely a recodification of existing law. Act of May 1, 1995, 74th Leg., R.S., ch. 165, §§ 24, 25 1995 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 1025, 1870-71. Furthermore, the Seventy-fourth Legislature, without reference to the repeal and codification of V.T.C.S. article 6701d, amended section 47 of article 6701d, V.T.C.S., relating to the disclosure of accident reports. Act of May 27, 1995, 74th Leg., R.S., ch. 894, § 1, 1995 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 4413, 4414. Because the repeal of a statute by a code does not affect an amendment of the statute by the same legislature which enacted the code, the amendment is preserved and given effect as part of the code provision. Gov't Code § 311.031(c). Thus, the amendment of section 47 of article 6701d, V.T.C.S. is the existing law regarding the availability of accident report information, and may be found following section 550.065 of the Transportation Code. See also Act of May 27, 1995, 74th Leg., R.S., ch. 894, § 1, 1995 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 4413, 4414.

Records of the identity, diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment of a patient by a physician that are created or maintained by a physician are confidential and privileged and may not be disclosed except as provided in this section.

V.T.C.S. art. 4495b, § 5.08(b). We agree that the documents that you have designated as Exhibit 2A constitute medical records that must be withheld pursuant to section 5.08(b) of article 4495b.

You contend that the remaining documents are excepted from required public disclosure pursuant to section 552.103 of the Government Code. To secure the protection of section 552.103, a governmental body must demonstrate that the requested information relates to pending or reasonably anticipated litigation to which the governmental body is a party. Open Records Decision No. 588 (1991) at 1.

In Open Records Decision No. 346 (1982), this office concluded that upon a showing that a complainant hired an attorney who made a demand upon a governmental body for disputed payments and threatened to sue if the payments were not promptly made, the governmental body had demonstrated that litigation was reasonably anticipated for purposes of section 552.103. You have submitted to this office a demand letter from the attorney representing the citizen involved in the automobile accident. In his letter, the attorney demands "settlement" for his client's "bodily injuries, necessary medical care and treatment, past and future physical pain and suffering, past and future mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of quality of life, loss of household services and future diminished earning capacity for the following amounts . . . . " You further state that the city "has not made any determination regarding its responsibility for [the citizen's] personal injuries," and that "the statute of limitations for filing a civil suit against the City has not yet expired." Based on these facts, we conclude that you have met your burden of demonstrating that litigation regarding this matter is reasonably anticipated. Furthermore, we conclude that the requested information relates to the reasonably anticipated litigation. The city, therefore, may withhold the requested information pursuant to section 552.103, except as discussed above.<sup>2</sup>

In reaching this conclusion, however, we assume that the opposing party to the anticipated litigation has not previously had access to the records at issue; absent special circumstances, once information has been obtained by all parties to the litigation, e.g., through discovery or otherwise, no section 552.103 interest exists with respect to that information. Open Records Decision Nos. 349 (1982), 320 (1982). If the opposing parties in the anticipated litigation have seen or had access to any of the information in these records, there would be no justification for now withholding that information from the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Because we resolve your request under the MPA and section 552.103, we need not address the applicability of sections 552.117 and 552.130 of the Government Code.

requestor pursuant to section 552.103. We also note that the applicability of section 552.103 ends once the litigation has been concluded. Attorney General Opinion MW-575 (1982); Open Records Decision No. 350 (1982).

We are resolving this matter with an informal letter ruling rather than with a published open records decision. This ruling is limited to the particular records at issue under the facts presented to us in this request and should not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records. If you have questions about this ruling, please contact our office.

Yours very truly,

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Assistant Attorney General

Open Records Division

YHL/RWP/nc

Ref.: ID# 117200

Enclosures: Submitted documents

cc: Ms. Joni Blair

> Progressive County Insurance Company 9800 Northwest Freeway, Suite 107

Houston, Texas 77092

(w/o enclosures)